

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES

Spoke At McCormick Last Week—Account of Meeting.

The following account of the congressional campaign meeting at McCormick is taken from the McCormick Messenger:

The three candidates for congress from the Third District, Fred H. Dominick, incumbent, Sam H. Sherard and Ed. P. McCravy, addressed about 500 voters of this county in the court house here last Saturday afternoon, a large number of whom were ladies.

In the absence of County Chairman W. K. Charles, Dr. D. A. J. Bell acted as chairman of the meeting and introduced the speakers.

MR. SHERARD FIRST SPEAKER.

Mr. Sam H. Sherard was the first speaker. He is a member of the State House of Representatives from Greenwood County, and is engaged in farming at Ninety-Six, 20 miles from McCormick, and feels that he is among homefolks in McCormick. In asking for the office of congressman, he feels that he is asking a great deal from the people, and believes that a man should be thoroughly familiar with local and national conditions before offering for the office; public requirements demand it, and were never so great as they are today. He stands for law enforcement, and wants a change in the organic laws and government for betterment, which he believes will bring more satisfaction to the people. There is no time for a quack or demagogue, but rather for sympathy and co-operation, and if we will pattern after the fashion of our fathers from 1860 to 1865 much good will result.

Those who are working in co-operation for peace are working for the common good. Eighty per cent of our people are dependent upon the agricultural interests and need the co-operation of the office holders. South Carolinians are the peers and in a large degree excel the people of any State in the nation. He graduated in agriculture at Clemson College, and spent some time in the Philippine Islands and France, but would not give his farm at Ninety-Six for the whole of either the Philippine Islands or France. If sent to congress, the producer will get the benefit of the doubt in regard to his vote. He believes the Federal Reserve Bank is a great institution, but the action of its board which materially affected currency and brought on the depression was a drive against the people. Revisions are badly needed for the system. Section 19 of the Federal Bank Act should be amended. It specifies that farm paper, even though backed by cotton, is not recognized by the institution unless the bank tendering it is a member of the federal institution. He said there are 30,000 banks in America, 10,000 of which belong to the Federal Reserve System.

Rate of interest on money is too high to the agricultural interests; in France it is loaned at from 2 1/2 to not more than 5 per cent. He believes that War Finance Corporation does good work, that Henry Ford should have the Muscle Shoals property; believes in federal aid to roads and schools; believes in sanitation and eradication of pests and insects, including mosquitoes and boll weevils; wants a bill passed so the government can and will sell calcium arsenate to the farmers at cost for fighting the boll weevil; farmers of Georgia are getting calcium arsenate at 9 cents a pound, while South Carolina farmers have to pay 15 cents for it.

He favors vocational training in schools, and realizes that education is of prime importance; and favors a 50-50 appropriation for schools by the Federal and State governments; doesn't believe it wise to cut taxes to cripple schools; favors federal aid on highways, and would work in congress to bring as much federal aid in South Carolina as possible for schools.

He would vote for the soldier bonus bill; would have voted for war and the draft act which put the rich and poor boys in the same class; the American Legion favors the bonus, and so does he; the same crowds and heads of corporations which fought the bonus are now fighting the working man, and their only care is to protect moneyed interests; denounced the law makers who cut the pensions down for Confederate veterans, and stated that the American Legion lends its support to prevent strikes and to keep peace among all classes.

In conclusion he said, I am a farmer, farming in Greenwood County; am endorsed by my home Democratic convention for congress, which cannot be said of my opponents; and my interests are identical with those of my farmer friends. I believe in training that fits a man to help all people, and also I stand for fair dealing to all. Applause.

MR. DOMINICK SECOND TO SPEAK.

Hon. Fred H. Dominick, incumbent, was second, and after applause at his appearance on the stand, he began his address by assuring his hearers that on account of the intense heat he would be brief.

He thanked the people for the magnificent support they had given him in the two previous elections, and for the handsome majority of votes which he is sure will be his on the 29th of this month.

He stated that the bonus issue is

an important one, and that he voted against it more than two years ago, before and after the last election. The bill provided that each soldier would get \$1.00 for each day's service in the United States and \$1.25 a day for each day's service overseas, not exceeding the sum of \$600.00, bonus being started after a man had been in service 60 days. It would come in a certificate form, and where the certificate called for \$300.00, banks would only loan \$150.00 on it. If the certificate was held for 20 years it would be worth \$900.00. He asked why his opponents hadn't introduced bills for individual bonus, from the State, and answered it himself by saying that the State treasury is in the same fix as the federal treasury, too much in debt.

He approved of aid to disabled soldiers, and says no one regrets paying this, but the cost is running high. He was a member of the National Democratic Convention in San Francisco two years ago, at which time the issue was taken up. He wanted to know why Mr. Sherard had not been more successful on the Ways and Means Committee of the South Carolina General Assembly last year and prevented the \$100,000.00 cut in the pensions for Confederate veterans.

His vote against war was no lack of loyalty, and after war was declared he did all in his power to win it; and didn't think it necessary to discuss this matter, and had no apologies to make for his stand on it.

The Towler-Sterling educational bill is one of the most dangerous bills that could be advocated, and all seven of the members of congress from this State would vote against it. Doesn't believe the Federal government should have full control in these matters, and is a strong believer of States' rights. He appreciated the increasing majorities given him in the elections in this county, and laid his record before the voters, saying in no unimpeachable terms that if the people want the same kind of service in congress which they have had since he has been their servant, to vote for him and they will have it. He trusts his record will merit their support. Ten months out of every year he is in Washington—looking after the interests of his State and nation. Mr. Dominick said he couldn't criticize his opponents for making the race, but he trusted that his conduct and record would merit a continuance of their support. However, he did think his opponents as members of the South Carolina General Assembly should do more good in that capacity before attempting it in congress.

MR. ED. P. McCRAVY LAST

Mr. Ed. P. McCravy of Easley was the last candidate to speak, and he began by saying that it would be nothing short of cruelty to keep his hearers long, altho he spoke the full thirty minutes allotted each candidate and then said he hadn't said all he wanted to.

He was born just out side of Abbeville nearly fifty years ago; had farmed all his life and now farms with white labor in Anderson County not far from his home at Easley, Pickens County; has been a successful farmer and read law, but did not enter the profession; the time when he should have been in college, he was plowing a bull on the farm, and his success as a farmer followed this.

He criticized Mr. Dominick for his stand on the war issue, the bonus bill and other things, and said that the reason Mr. E. H. Aull, editor of the Newberry Herald and News, was tooting Mr. Dominick's horn was that Mr. Aull received his appointment as Supervisor of the 1920 census at the hands of Mr. Dominick. He claimed that Mr. Dominick brought the bonus question into the present campaign, and also stated that there are 176,000 civil employees receiving a bonus from the United States treasury, and that Congressman Dominick gets \$500.00 bonus a year. He further flayed the present congressman's record by saying that Mr. Dominick is constantly fighting monstrosities in congress, and favored Kaiser Bill, submarines and other enemies to America.

Mr. McCravy is opposed to the way the cotton exchange is conducted and to the influx of migrants, giving some figures showing to what great proportions some of our large cities are inhabited by foreign born; believes in the Democratic way of paying taxes, and says that the income tax is a just one. He wants to give the producer of cotton more power in the marketing of same and wants to help the producer to be more independent and free from the speculator, and believes in organizations to help the farmers.

He gave the number of lawyers in the national house of representatives as 298, out of 438 members, while the number of farmers is only 21, and stated that the farming interests should have a considerably larger representation in Washington before they can expect much benefit.

Mr. McCravy stated that Mr. Dominick opposed woman suffrage, but says he is in favor of it and is willing to trust his fate to the good women of this district, and in closing assured them that he would appreciate their support as much as any. After the meeting in the court room, Mr. McCravy made another speech to a crowd on a street corner.

DESTRUCTIVE HAIL STORM.

Visited Pickens County August 2 and Did Much Damage.

A terrific and destructive hail storm visited a section of Pickens county a few miles northwest of the court house last Wednesday afternoon, August 2, and in twenty minutes caused a loss of thousands of dollars to farmers within its path. It is estimated that the crop damage over the storm swept area is from fifty to seventy-five per cent, except on the farms of Messrs. E. G. McDaniel and Claud Adams whose crops were completely destroyed.

The downpour of hail began at 3:15 o'clock and lasted only twenty minutes, but during that time there was a steady downpour of hailstones about the size of partridge eggs, which, besides doing great damage to cotton, corn and other crops, destroyed grapes and other fruit, knocked out window glasses, unroofed several out buildings and in a few instances killed fowls.

As reported to The Sentinel the greatest sufferers from the hail storm were Messrs. McDaniel and Adams, whose crops were totally destroyed, M. D. Cantrell, Dr. R. Kirksey, Mrs. Nannie Tolbert, Miss Annie Kirksey, M. J. Welborn and Rev. Charlie Anderson.

The farms of Messrs. T. L. Bivens and J. B. Robinson, between Pickens and Easley, were also visited by a hail storm the same afternoon, but were not damaged to the same extent as those mentioned above.

GYPSY SMITH AT SENECA.

Great preparations are being made at Seneca for the holding of the Gypsy Smith religious revival meetings at that place from September 3 to September 24. All denominations are behind the movement and the meetings will be held in a large tent. Rev. Gypsy Smith is an evangelist of world-wide fame and no doubt people from all over the Piedmont section will take advantage of this opportunity to hear him.

The annual reunion of the family of the late Rev. John T. Lewis will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Childress at St. Albans, Greenville county, August 12, 1922. All relatives and friends invited.

SENECA CHALLENGES PICKENS

Wants Pickens Snake to Fight Champion Snake of Seneca

The following special from Seneca appeared in Sunday's Greenville News: "Davis, Seneca's fighting king snake, won his second battle on the streets of Seneca today when he met and defeated a snake brought to Seneca today from Pickens county in answer to the challenge recently issued in the Greenville News. The Pickens snake was a spreading adder of the large variety. Davis killed and swallowed the adder, the fight lasting two hours and forty minutes. The snake fights in Seneca are managed by Chief of Police Gantt who has charge of Seneca's miniature zoo. At present Chief Gantt has nine different varieties of snakes and is anxiously waiting the battle with the Greenville county snake mentioned in a recent issue of The News. The challenge to Gantt, the editor of the Greenville News, stands. The snake was named after Lefty Davis, star Seneca baseball pitcher."

This is the first The Sentinel has heard of the challenge, but this paper hereby issues a call to the sons of Pickens county to get busy and help us uphold the glory and prestige of the county. So if any Sentinel readers know of a king snake or any other good fighting snake which can be taken to Seneca, let it be known at once and arrangements will be made for holding the fight. The Sentinel does not believe that any Oconee snake can last long before a Pickens snake of the same kind.

However, horn snakes are barred from the contest, for if one of these reptiles made a mislick and stuck his horn in the ground it would probably wither all the crops within ten miles of Seneca and cause great distress in the community.

The Seneca snake has already won several public fights and it remains for a Pickens county snake to vanquish this so-called champion and show Oconee its real place in the snake line.

HOLLY SPRINGS CEMETERY

All who are interested in cleaning off the graveyard and church grounds at Holly Springs church are requested to meet at the church for that purpose the second Saturday, August 12.



WE HAVE REDUCED OUR LABOR CHARGES EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY FOR REPAIRING FORD CARS

Extraordinary reductions in the prices of Ford Cars, Ford Trucks, Fordson Tractors and Ford Parts have been made by the Ford Motor Company during the past year. In keeping with these reductions, we have now greatly reduced our labor charges for repair service on Ford Cars. The extent of these reductions is shown by the following examples:

Overhaul Motor and Transmission	\$16.00
Overhaul Rear Axle	4.00
Replace Transmission Bands	2.00
Grind Valves and Clean Carbon	2.50
Overhaul Front Axle	3.50
Oil and Dope Car All Over	1.00

These charges for labor only and do not include parts used in operation. All other repair operations reduced in proportion.

Our service means GENUINE FORD SERVICE, and the strict use of only GENUINE (not spurious or inferior) FORD PARTS. This means lower operating cost to Ford owners, longer life to your car, and thoroughly satisfactory service throughout its entire life.

H. P. SITTON, Jr.

Authorized Ford Dealers

Pickens, S. C.

PROGRAM S. S. CONVENTION

Banner to Be Awarded S. S. With Most Delegates.

A county-wide attendance contest has been announced in connection with the approaching County Sunday School Association Convention to be held at Lawrence Chapel on Sunday, August 13th, according to the County Association officers in charge of arrangements.

At this convention a banner is to be publicly awarded to the Sunday School having the largest number of persons (over 16 years of age) preach to the convention count the plan, ten persons coping ten miles each to the convention count the same as twenty who came only five miles each, thus making it fair for all, both far and near. There is no limit to the number who may attend from any Sunday School.

The banner becomes the property of the Sunday School winning it and may be taken home for permanent display in the Sunday School room.

The program for this convention is as follows:

10:00—Prayer and Praise service.
10:30—The Convention Theme, "Working Together To Win" By Professor Wm. S. Morrison, Clemson College, S. C.

10:50—Song.
11:00—"The Pickens County Baby." By Miss Inge Alverson, Field Secretary S. C. S. S. Ass'n.

11:30—Business (Reports of officers. Record of attendance, appointment of committees.)

11:40—"Winning the Men of Pickens for the Man of Galilee." By Mr. Geo. R. Keester, Greenville, S. C.
12:10—Announcements.

Adjourn for dinner.

Afternoon Session

1:30—Prayer and Praise service.
1:45—"The Work of the Sunday School Teacher." By Prof. William S. Morrison.

2:05—How to Interest "Teen-Age" Boys and Girls. By Local worker.

2:25—Song.
2:30—"The Little Folks and the Sunday School." By Local Worker.

2:45—Open Parliament and Discussion of "Building up the Sunday School." By Miss Alverson.

3:25—Song.
3:30—Reports of Committees, Election of Officers, Selection of next place of meeting.

3:40—"What will Pickens Do About It?" By Mr. Keester.
4:00—Adjournment.

FREE TUBERCULOSIS CLINIC

A free tuberculosis clinic will be held in Easley on August 11 and 12 at the city hall.

Dr. Bonner of the staff of the S. C. Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Columbia will conduct the clinic. Dr. Bonner is a specialist on throat and chest diseases.

These clinics have been held at many other points in various counties of the State, with such splendid attendance that it has been found necessary to make them two day clinics instead of one day. Greenville, Anderson and Oconee have all had these clinics with large attendance, as well as many counties in the central and lower part of the state.

These clinics offer an unusual opportunity for those who have the disease to consult a specialist, and for those who have any of the early symptoms to find out what is the matter with themselves. Tuberculosis is 80 per cent curable in the early stages and those who take warning in time get well.

Miss Elsie Gudgeon of the S. C. Tuberculosis association will be in Pickens county until after the clinics, assisting with the work.

RAMPEY REUNION

On July 30th the family of the late H. M. Rampey met at Pickens and preceded to a spot at the foot of the mountain where a picnic dinner was enjoyed.

After dinner the company gathered on the bank of the creek and engaged in a song service after which all went wading in memory of those happy barefoot days.

The final episode of the day was the slaughter of a giant rattlesnake by Charlie Porter. He says that inasmuch as it was killed on the way home and that he can show the twelve rattles in proof that he did kill a snake instead of trying to find an excuse to get hold of some "snake medicine."

Those present included Mrs. H. M. Rampey and the following children: Thomas Rampey and Mrs. Joe Gaines of Liberty; Mrs. C. F. Porter of Easley; Jule and Aud Rampey of Pickens; Mrs. Will Rogers, Westminster; Mrs. Herbert Newton of Pickens; twenty-three grandchildren and four great-grandchildren.

One Who Was There.

REUNION ORR'S REGIMENT

The fiftieth annual reunion of the survivors of Orr's Regiment will be held at Walhalla on Monday and Tuesday, August 14 and 15. All Confederate veterans invited to attend as guests of U. D. C., Sons of Veterans and American Legion of Walhalla.

PICKENS-BREVARD HIGHWAY

Why The Road Was Held Up—Interesting Information.

There has recently been so much discussion about the Pickens-Brevard highway, one way and another, and especially as to why work on the road was held up, and as there have been many conflicting reports and opinions among the citizens of Pickens county and much interest shown by them in the matter that The Sentinel wrote to the State Highway Department for complete information about the road. Pickens county has spent a lot of money on this road and The Sentinel felt that the people wanted and should have the straight facts, be what they may. Inquiry as to Mr. Wade H. Chastain was made because it was widely published that he was trying to get the route changed and this was holding up work on the road. The Carolina Timber Co., for which Mr. Chastain is agent, has also been publicly referred to in uncompromising terms. It may interest the people to know that this company has given free right-of-way for the road through its property, although the road will be of no help to this company, but, rather, an interference with the company's business to cut and drag its timber out. The Timber company has also given the county much bridge timber without cost and in different ways, so The Sentinel is reliably informed, saved Pickens county several thousands of dollars in the building of the road. The people are entitled to these facts.

Following is the letter from the State Highway Department:

The Pickens Sentinel: Gentlemen: I take pleasure in furnishing you the following information regarding the road improvement of Pickens-Brevard Highway:

1. Project No. 162 extends from three and one half miles beyond Price's Store to Reedy Cove Gap, a distance of one and one half miles, completing the section up to the Gap, and was approved by the Government on March 23rd. The work was undertaken by county forces, but was discontinued several weeks ago with the idea of letting the remainder to contract.

2. Project No. 164 extends from Reedy Cove Gap to the North Carolina line and was only approved by the Government on June 23rd and is now being advertised for bids to be received on August 15th.

3. The Department has no knowledge of any effort having been made by Mr. Wade H. Chastain to get the route of the road changed. Our engineers called on Mr. Chastain for suggestions as to the most practicable route to follow in making the surveys, however, and found the information furnished by him of considerable value.

4. The work has been held up in a very large measure because of the fact that the Government desires certain reductions in grades and certain modifications in the alignment where very sharp curves are shown, and the Department has found it impracticable to make these changes without greatly increasing the cost of the work. The local representative of the Government is in sympathy with the attitude of the Department however, and we hope that the changes which will finally be insisted on will not be material.

5. The approval of the Government already secured for the two projects fixes the route by way of Rocky Bottom and Eastatoe Gap, but as this approval is conditioned on the modifications above referred to being made, we are still liable to meet with some further delay. We believe that the work can go forward on other parts of the road while the sections in question are being discussed.

6. The total amount of Federal Aid allotted to these two projects is \$60,000.00.

The Department regrets very much that local misunderstandings have arisen in connection with this work, and especially that the delay in getting started has caused a feeling of dissatisfaction. We feel, however, that you will be much better satisfied with the road when it is finally completed if extreme care is used in working out the difficult location and if thorough study is given to all phases of the work before it is too late. A considerable amount of money will be expended for building this road and we are naturally very anxious that no unnecessary work should be done and that when the work is completed it will be a credit to both the county and the State.

Yours very truly,
CHAS. H. MOOREFIELD,
State Highway Engineer.

SINGING CONVENTIONS

The Liberty Township singing convention will meet with Rice's Creek church the second Sunday in August at 10 a. m. Bring song books and dinner.

Pickens county singers are invited to attend an all-day singing at Williamston the second Sunday in August.

There will be an all-day singing and dinner on the ground at Tabor church, Sunday, August 13.